TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Three weeks previous to the expiration of subscriptions, each subscriber will find his paper wafered together on the margin. Thus, each may know, that, three weeks efter the receipt of a paper thus scaled, their subscriptions will run out, and be reminded that they must immediately renew.

C. W. FENTON, Washington City, D. C. PROSPECTUS OF THE WASHINGTON

We can hardly think it necessary to urgo pen those who hold that Americans ought to

upon those who hold that Americans ought to rule America, the importance of having a paper at the seat of the F. deral Government, which shall enunciate and advocate the doctrines of the American party.

A paper issued from any of the great centres of a nation, but especially from the political Metropolis, in the present age, not in this country only, but in Great Britain, France, and wherever there is the least freedom of discussion, is a medium through which those holding similar sentiments in regard to public affairs and public policy, may make known, discuss and defend their views, and expose the impropriety of the principles, and the impolicy of the measures of their antagonists. It should earnestly labor to give a proper direction to public opinion by enlightening the public mind.

mind.

The American is the only paper published at the seat of the Federal Government which advocates American doctrines; the only sentinel of the party stationed where a near and doings of their opponents at their headquarters. Here political information concentrates, and from hence it radiates to every part of the empire; here party measures and movements are determined, and political campaigns planned; here stratagems are concocted and thwarted, and here at certain seasons of the year politicians most do congregate; here, in short, is the centre of the great political maelstrom in which so many thousands are constantly plunging and forever gyrating.

the centre of the great political maeistrom in which so many thousands are constantly plunging and forever gyrating.

If the American party is desirous of being a mational party, it should not be without a paper here through which it can make known to all people its views, aims and opinions, and which shall also refute the calumnies that are from time to time uttered against it through ignorance or a least excusable motive; and we, therefore, take hope that the American, standing, as it will stand, upon the platform of the American party, advocating, as it will advocate, the paramount rights of native-born citizens, eschewing, as it will eschew, all interference with slavery as a national concern, and ence with slavery as a national concern, and maintaining, as it will maintain, perfect free-dom of opinion and of conscience in religion, will find favor in the eyes of all truly patriotic

try, as illustrated by the broad light of his ad-ministration, is our political text-book and cade mecum; and shall be our compass and chart.

PLATFORM

Of the American Party, adopted at the see National Council, June 3, 1857. et. An humble acknowledgment to the preme Being, for His protecting care vouchsafed struggle, and bitherto manifested to us, their deidants, in the preservation of the liberties, the ndence, and the union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union, as the palladium of our civil and religious liberties and the only sure bulwark of American Indepen

3d. Americans must rule America, and to this and native-born citizens should be selected for all State, Federal, and municipal offices or govern-ment employment. In preference to all others:

meet employment. In preference to all others:

nevertheless,

1: h. Persons born of American parents residing
temporerity abroad, should be entitled to all the
rights of native-born citizens; but

5th. No person should be selected for political
station, (whether of native or foreign birth,) who
recognises any allegiance or obligation of any description to any foreign prince, potentate or power,
or who refuses to recognise the Federal and State
constitutions (each within its sphere) as paramount
to all other laws, as rules of political action.

6th. The unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States,
and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal good
will, between the citizens of the several States, and
to this end, non-interference by Congress with
questions appertaining solely to the individual
states, and non-intervention by each State with
the affairs of any other State.

7th. The recognition of the 1 ght of the nativeborn and naturalized citizens of the United States,
permanently residing in any Territory the col, to
frame their constitution and laws, and to r gulate
their demestic and social affairs in their own mode,
subject only to the provisions of the Federal Consitution, with the privilege of admission into the
Union whenever they have the requisite population for one Representative in Congress. Provided
alterns, that none but those who are citizens of
the United States, under the constitution and laws
thereof, and who have a fixed residence in any
such Territory, ought to participate in the formaLion of the constitution, or in the enactment of

thereot, and who have a fixed residence in any such Territory, ought to participate in the formation of the constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory ought to admit others than citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office.

9th. A change in the laws or naturalization, making a continued readence of twenty-one years, of all and head of the suffrage of the s

9th. A change in the laws of naturalization, making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not hereinbefore provided for, a indispensable requisite for citizenship hereaser, and excluding all paup: and persons convicted of crime, from landing abon over shores; but no interference with the vested right of foreigners.

10th. Opposition to any union between Church and State; no interserence with religious faith, or wiship, and no test caths for office.

11th. Free and discreased investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and

THE PIPES AT LUCKNOW.

BY J. G. WHITTIER Pipes of the misty moorland, Note of the green and hill,

The drone of highland torrent,

The song of lowland rill!

Not the brace of broom and heather Nor the mountains, dark with rain, Nor maiden bower, nor border tower, Have heard your sweetest strain!

Dear to the lowland reaper And plaided mountaineer,
To the cottage and the castle,
The Scottish pipes are dear.
Sweet sounds the ancient pibroch
O'er mountain, loch, and glade;
But the sweetest of all music
The Pipes at Lucknow played!

Day by day, the Indian tiger Louder yelled, and nearer crept; Round and round the jungle serpent Nearer and nearer circles swept. To-morrow, death's between us, And the wrong and shame we d

They listened, looked, and waited, Till their hope became despair, And the sobs of low bewailing Filled the pauses of their prayer.
Then up spake a Scottish maiden,
With her ear upon the ground:
Dinna ye hear it?—dinna ye hear it?
The pipes o' Havelock sound!

Hushed the wounded man his groaning;
Hushed the wife her little ones; Alone they heard the drum roll,
And the roar of Sepoy guns.
But to the sounds of home and childhe
The Highland ear was true:
"Dinna ye hear it?—'tis the slogan!

Like the march of soundless music Through the vision of the seer, More of feeling than of hearing, Of the heart than of the ear. She knew the droning pibroch, She knew the Campbell's call; "Hark! hear ye no MacGregor's— The grandest o' them all!"

Oh! they listened, dumb and breathless, Rose and fell the piper's blast; Then a burst of wild thanksgiving Mingled woman's voice with man's:
"God be praised!—The march of Havelock! The piping of the clans!

Came the wild MacGregor's clan-call, Stinging all the air to life. But when the far-off dust cloud To plaided legions grew, Full tenderly and blithesome The pipes of rescue blew!

Bound the silver domes of Lucknow, Round red Dowith's golden shrine, Breathed the air to Briton's dearest, The air of Auld Lang Syne. O'er the cruel roll of wardrums And the tartan clove the turban, As the Goomtee cleaves the plain.

Dear to the corn-land reaper And the plaided mountaineer, To the cottage and the castle, The piper's song is dear. O'er mountain, glen and glade, But the sweetest of all music The Pipes at Lucknow played!

The Slogan of the Highlanders.

The following is an extract from a letter written by M. de Banneroi, a French physician, in the service of Mussur Rajah, and published in Le Pays (Paris paper, under date of Calcutta, Oct. 8:

I give you the following account of the she is a schooner." relief of Lucknow, as described by a lady, one of the persecuted party:

On every side death stared us in the face : no human skill could avert it any longer. We I remained in the top a few moments, ar saw the moment approach when we must bid farewell to earth, yet without that unutterable horror that must have been experienced by the solved rather to die than to vield, and were fully persuaded that in twenty-four hours all he over. The engineers had said so, and all knew the worst. We women strove to comfort each other, and to perform the light duties which devolved upon us, such as conveying orders to the batteries, and supplying the men with provisions, especially cups o coffee, which we prepared day and night. I had gone out to try and make myself useful, in company with Jesse Brown, the wife of a corporal in my husband's regiment. Poor Jesse had been in a state of restlesness all through the siege, and had fallen away visibly within the last few days. A constant fever consumed her, and her mind wandered occasionally, espec ally on that day, when the recollections of home seemed powerfully present to lay down upon the ground, wrapped up in her plaid. I sat beside her, promising to awaken her when, as she said, 'her father returned from the plowing.' She fell at length into a profound slumber, motionless, and apparently breathless, her head resting in my lap. I myself could not resist the inclination to sleep, in spite of the continual roar of the cannon. Suddenly I was aroused by a wild, unearthly scream close to my ear; my companion stood upright beside me, her arms raised, and her head bent forward in the attitude of listening.

WASHINGTO V. D. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1858.

a'. Here's help at last!" To describe the effect of these words upon the soldiers would be impossible. For a moment they ceased firing, and every soul listened in intense anxiety. Gradually, however, there arose a murmur of bitter disappointment, and the wailing of the women who had flocked to the spot burst out anew as the colonel shook his head. Our dull low-land ears could hear nothing but the rattle of the musketry. A few moments more of this deathlike suspense, of this agonizing hope, and Jesse, who had again sunk to the ground sprang to her feet and cried, in a voice so cler and piercing that it was heard along the en tire line, 'Will ye no believe it noo? The slogan has ceased, indeed, but the Campbells are comin'! D'ye hear? d'ye hear? At that moment we seemed indeed to hear the voice of God in the distance when the pibroch of the Highlanders brought us tidings of deliverance, for now there was no longer any doubt of the fact. That shrill, penetrating, ceaseless sound which rose above all other sounds could come neither from the advance of the enmy nor from the work of the sappers. No, was indeed the blast of the Scottish bagpipes, now shrill and harsh, as if threatening ven geance on the foe, then in softer tones seemin to promise succor to their friends in need. Never, surely, was there such a scene as that which followed. Not a heart in the residency of Lucknow but bowed itself before God. All, by one simultaneous impulse, and nothing was beard but the bursting sob and murmured voice of prayer. Then all arose, and there rang out from a thousand lips a great shout of joy which resounded far and wide and lent new vigor to that blessed pibroch. To our cheer of "God save the Queen," they replied by the well known strain that moves every Scot to tears, "Should auld acquaintance be forgot," etc. After that nothing else made an impres

SCENE WITH A PIRATE.

sion on me. Jesse was presented to the Gen-

eral on his entrance into the fort, and at the

officers' banquet her health was drank by all

present, while the pipers marched around the

table playing once more the familiar air of

In the month of July 1831, I was on my way from New York to the island of Curacoa on board the American ship Patrick Henry, command by Captain Tuttle. We had a fine passage, and were looking forward to the end of our voyage in about a week. I was the only passenger, and of course was thrown in a great neasure on my own resources for amusement. the chief of which was testing the powers of an admirable glass of London manufacture. upon every vessel that showed itself above the norizon. Our Captain was kind and civil, but there appeared a mystery about him that he did not like to have pried into, and our communication had in consequence been reserved.

In about latitude twenty degrees and longitude sixty degrees and and fifty minutes, we were running along with a fine fresh breeze abeam, and all our weather studding sails set. upon the changes of scene and society into which I had been forced so contrary to my own inclinations, and wondering whether the quiet and happiness of a domestic life was ever to be my lot, when the captain came down and told me that, as I was so fond of using my glass, there was a vessel just appearing on the horizon to windward, and that I might go and see what she was, for he could not make her out at all. I went on deck, and mounted into the main top and began my scrutiny.

"Well, what is she?" asked the captain from

"I can hardly make her out-but I think "Ave-what's her course?"

"Southwest by south, I think; about the same as ourselves.

continued looking at the stranger. "She seems fonder of the sea than I am continued, for she might have her top-sails and unhappy victims at Cawnpore. We were re- top-gallants, and studding sails to boot all set instead of slipping along under her lower sails." The captain made no answer, but was look ing hard at her with his eye. I now perceived through the glass a white speck above her fore

sail, flapping against the mast. "Well, she must have heard me, for ther goes her fore topsail." The captain now went to the companion for

his glass, and after looking attentively for a "What's that?" he asked; is that her square

sail she's setting? I can't see from the deck.' I looked again. 'Yes," tis her square sail; as I'm alive, sh has changed her course, and is bearing down

upon us. But by this time the captain had mounte the rigging and was standing beside me; he her. At length, overcome with fatigue, she was eyeing the distant vessel keenly. After having apparently satisfied himself, he asked me to go with him to the cabin, as he wisher to talk with me alone. We descended to th deck, and I followed him to the cabin. He motioned me to a seat, and after carefully shut-

ting the door, said-

"I rather expect that fellow's a pirate." "Yes, I my pirate, and I'll tell you why. I the first place, you see, he'd no business to sneaking along in that do little sort of a way as when we first saw him; who ever that ha A look of intense delight broke over her coun- any honest business to do, would allow such a tenance, she grasped my hand, drew me to-ward her and exclaimed, 'Dinna ye hear, it?' canvass than a powder monkey's old breeches dinna ye hear it? Ay, I'm no dreamin'; its to catch it? Next, you see, what the mischiel the slogan o' the Highlanders! We're saved! he has to do with us, that as soon as he clap we are saved!' Then flinging herself on her knees, she thanked God with passionate fervor. felt utterly bewildered; my English ears he looks just like one of those imps of mischiel heard only the roar of artillery, and I thought with his low, black hull, and tall raking masts my poor Jesse was still raving; but she darted But it's no use talking; I tell you he's a pirate to the batteries, and I heard her cry incessantly and that's as true as my name is Isaac Tuttle to the men, 'Courage! courage! hark to the And now the only thing is, what shall we do! slogan—to the Macgregor, the grandest o'them The Patrick Henry ain't a Baltimore clipper,

and that 'ere crew will walk up to us like nothing. But I'll tell you what strikes me; if we let them rascals aboard it's most likely we'll all walk the plank; so we'll try to keep 'em out. We hain't got but an old rusty caran old regulation rifle down in my state room, but they han't been fired, I don't know when and I'd as lief stand afore 'em as behind 'em. But our ship's as handsome a looking craft as you'll see; and couldn't we look wicked like now and try to frighten that cut-throat rascal?"

I confess I was at first startled at the captain's opinion of the strange sail, and his rea-soning left me hardly a hope that his judgment was not correct; but his cool and collected manner impressed me with confidence in his management, and I told him he knew best what we should do, and I would second as best I could. He walked up and down the cabin twice; then rubbed his hands together as if pleased with his own idea.

"I have it," he cried, "I'll just go on deck and put things in order, and in the meantime you'd better amuse yourself looking out your pistols, if you have any; for if he wont be con tent with a look at us, we'll have to fight."

I hurriedly took my fowling piece and pis-tols from the cases, for I somehow refused to allow myself to believe there would be any occasion for their use, yet I loaded them all with ball and in each of the pistols put a brace; this done I went on deck, where I found the cap-tain surrounded by his crew, telling them hi

"But," said he, "maybe we'll have to fight. If them villians have a mind to try us they'll send a boat on board, and I want to know if you'll help me to keep them off. You see it's ence. most likely they will make you walk the plank whether you fight or not, if they get on board, and I calculate if you do just as I tell you, we'll frighten 'em."

There was a hearty "Aye, aye, sir," to this short harangue. "Thankee, thankee, boys," said the captain

'now we'll not show another stich of canvas but seem to take no more notice of the fellow than if we didn't see him; and if he does try to come on board, then we'll show 'em what we

Our captain was about fifty years old, rather short and stout, but muscular; his face was bronzed with time and tempest, and his locks which had once been black, were grizzled by the same causes. He was an old sailor and a staunch republican; and as some of his men told tales of fights in which their captain had borne a part, I presumed he had served, when a young man, in the navy of the States.

The crew were busy in obedience to his or ders, cutting up a square top-gallant mast into logs of about four feet long; these were immediately painted black with a round spot in the centre of each end, so as to bear a tolerable resemblance of pieces of cannon, and with two old six pounders were placed, one at each port on our deck, five on a side, but the ports were to be kept closed until the captain gave till I tell you." raised as quickly as possible and the logs to he thrust out about a foot. A platform was then made on the top of the long boat, which was fixed between the fore and main masts, and the carronade or fourteen pounder was hoisted up. These things being arranged, the captain went below, and the crew mustered in knots to wonder and talk about what was to

In the meantime we had not shifted or hoist ed a single sail, but were as if perfectly regardless of the schooner. Not so with her however, for beside a large square sail and square top sail on the foremast, she had run out small fore topmast, studding sails, and onward she came, right before a pretty smart breeze, yawing from side to side, at one moment sinking stern foremost into the trough of the sea, as an enormous wave rolled out from under her; and at the next, forced head-long onward by her successor, while a broad white sheet of foam spread out around her, giving beautiful relief to her hull, testifying how rapidly she was going through the water. I could not help thinking of the captain's expression, for she cer tainly did 'walk up to us like nothing,' and as there appeared no time to lose. I went down to the cabin to assume my weapons.

The captain was there arranging some pa pers and a bottle was before him, into which he had put a letter.

"Maybe," said he, something'll happen ne; for if them bloody pirates won't be cheated, I will be the first to suffer, and natural enough, too, for all the mischief they'll suffer will be by orders, just because I didn't like to be overhauled like an old tarpaulin by every rascal who chooses to say heave to, on high seas. But never mind, only should you escape, just drop the bottle and letter overboard. you think you can't deliver it yourself."

Now I had never seriously considered the probability that I might also be killed in the approaching melee, for I thought that the captain intended to throw open his ports and show his sham guns, and of course the schooner would take fright. But when he began to talk about death in such a serious strain I began to feel very uncomfortable; and not being a natural warrior, I wished myself any place else than on board the Patrick Henry. There I was, however, without any chance of escape and I suggested to the captain that it would be as well for me to put a letter in the bottle also, in case of any accident to both of us, which was agreed to, and we arranged, that if either sur vived and had the opportunity the letter of the unfortunate should be safely forwarded to its destination. After this little piece of preparation the captain took me by the hand.

"Tis well," said he, "are you willing to share with me the post of danger? Do not suppose I am unaccustomed to the perils of a sea fight, no. young man, I've supported the glory of the have witnessed the death of those honored

you are now a passenger, and should be under my protection-yet I ask you to share my ronade and two six pounders, and I don't be-lieve there's one ball on board, we came in the platform, and help me to manage the swivsuch a hurry. Then there's two muskets and | el. Hands are scarce and I don't know where else to place you."

The hardy fellow's eyes glistened as he made

"Thankee, thankee," he replied, and relapsed into his former character.

'Twas strange; he had always appeared or board his vessel as a common yankee captain, with little to say, and with a rough, uncouth manner but little removed from his men; yet he at once, though evidently inadvertently, assumed the air and manner of a polished gen tleman, and it certainly struck me that the latter character appeared more natural in him than the former. There was evidently a mystery about him, and I determined to find it out when more opportune circumstances should

hanging about waiting for the orders of the captain to make them start. These were soon given. The cooper and carpenter were order ed to bring up all the hatchets and other offen sive and defensive weapons, and with the muskets and rifles they were distributed among the crew, who received their orders to use them in repelling any attempt to board.

The schooner had now come down within half a mile of us, when she suddenly took down her square sail, hauling her wind to have a look at us. I dare say she did not know what to make of our seeming indiffer

Presently a cloud of smoke bursted from her side, and a ball came skipping over the water and passed astern of us. "I thought so," said our captain, "now lads

show her our stripes." A ball of bunting flew up to the end of the mizzen peak, rested an instant and fluttered out into the American ensign. The smoke drifted away from the schooner and she run up at her gaff the ensign of the Columbian

"That's tarnally the way with them blackguards, they're always making a fool of some

Scarcely were the words out of his mouth when another column of smoke bursted from the schooner, and another ball came skipskipping along towards us, but catching swell it plunged in, and we saw it no more.

'That fellow, now, I take it, is a good shot, so we'll not wait for another. Clue up the mainsail boys, haul aft the main braces; clue up the foresail, luff her man, luff her a little more steady," bust from the captain's mouth The orders were obeyed with the quickness of a well disciplined crew, and our ship was

"Now, my lads, take your stations; four to each port on the weather side, but do nothing

The men took their stations as directed round on the weather side, and I followed the captain to the platform, where our corronade was mounted. It was loaded to the muzzle with bits of iron, musket balls, lumps of lead, and other missiles, for the captain had truly conjectured—there were no balls on board.

The schooner hove to, and a boat was low ered and crowded with men. It approached rapidly, pulled by eight rowers. The muzzle of our carronade was depressed as much as possible, and made to bear on the water about fifty yards from the ship. The captain stood with his speaking trumpet in one hand, and a hand-spike with which he shifted the position

of the gun as required, in the other. " Now, sir, keep steady, and obey my orders coolly," said the captain, in an undertone "Boy, fetch that iron that's heated in the

The boy ran, and returned with the iron rod heated at one end, which was handed to me.

"When I tell you to fire, fire, as you value our life and those on board." The captain now put his speaking trumpet o his mouth, and hailed the boat, which was

within a hundred vards of us. "Stop-no nearer or I'll blow you all out of

the water-keep off, or I say I'll-" At that instant the man at the bow of the boat, who appeared to take the command, gave an order, and a volley from several muskets was fired at us. I heard the balls hit about me, and turned to look for the captain to receive my order to fire. He was on one knee behind the cannon, and holding it by the breech.

"Why, captain, what's the matter? are you

He rallied. "Nothing-they're coming." He gave another hoist to the gun, cast his eye hurriedly along its barrel-

I needed not a second bidding, for the boat was alongside. The smoke burst from the touch hole with a hiss, and for an instant I thought the gun had missed fire, but in the next, it exploded with a tremendous report not be told. Suffice it to say that I am settled that deafened me.

Throw open your ports, boys, and show them your teeth, roared the captain, through his trumpet, and his voice seemed hideously innatural. In an instant every port was up, and our

ans protruded their muzzles.

leafened me, and the smoke, which was drivleeward, the whole scene of destruction burst thirteen stripes in many a gallant action, and upon my sight. The cannon had been most Freeman Hunt, editor of the Merchants' Magtruly pointed, and its contents had shivered

and esteemed as the sons of Liberty. Yet the hapless boat to pieces killing or wounding they were fighting for their country, and it almost every person in her—the longest life was their duty to hold their lives cheap but time will hardly efface that scene from my mind. The stern of the boat had been carried completely away, and it was sinking by the weight of human beings that clung to it. As it gradually disappeared, the miserable wretches struggled forward to the bows, and with horrid creams and imprecations battled for a moment for what little support it might yield. The dead the proposal, to which I of course instantly and the dying were floating and splashing around them, while a deep crimson tings showed how fatal had been the discharge Ropes were thrown over to save those wh were not destroyed by the cannon shot but only three out of the boat's crew of twenty four were saved, the greater part went down

with the boat to which they clung. The whole scene of destruction did not las en minutes, and all was again quiet. The bodies of those who had not been shot did not sink but were driven by the wind and sea against the side of the ship. From some the blood was oozing, and, floating around them; others stiff in convulsions in which they died were grinning or frowning with horrible expres sion. One body, strong and muscular, with nea white trowsers, and a leathern girdle in which was stuck two pistols, floated by, but the facwas gone, some merciless ball had so distig ured him, that all trace of expression was de stroyed. He was the pirate captain.

But where was the schooner? She lay for few minutes after the destruction of her boat and whether alarmed at our appearance or hor rified at the loss of so many men, I know not but she slipped her foresail, and stood away a close to the wind as possible. We saw no

The excitement of the scenes we had jus bassed through, prevented our missing th captain; but as soon as the schooner bor away, all naturally expected his voice to give some order for again getting under weigh.-But no order came. Where was he? The musket just discharged from the boat, with the voice, that conveyed the orders for the ports to be thrown open, flashed upon my mind.-I ran to the platform. The captain-was there lying on his face beside the gun, which he had point ed with such deadly effect. He still held th trumpet in his hand, and I shuddered as I be held its mouth piece covered with blood.

"The captain's killed!" I cried, and stoope to raise him.

"I believe I am," said he, "take me to th A dozen ready hands were stretched to re

eive him, and he was taken below and care fully laid on a sofa. "Aye," he said, "I heard the crash, my ea knows too well the crash of shot against a plank, to be mistaken, and my eye has pointed too

many guns to miss its mark easily now. But, tell me, is any one else hurt?" "No thank heaven, I said, and I hope you are not so badly hurt.'

"Bad enough, but cut open my waistcoa 'tis here." A mouthful of blood stopped his utterance,

but he pointed to his right side. coat as gently as pessible. There was no blood, but on removing his shirt we discovered about three inches on the right of the pit of the stomach, a discolored spot, about the size of a half crown, darkening towards its centre, where there was a small wound. A musket ball had struck him, and from there being no outward bleeding, I feared the worst. We dressed the w und as well as circumstances would permit : but externally it was trifling-the fatal wound was within. The unfortunate sufferer motioned for all to leave him but me; and calling me

to his side, said. "I feel that I am dying; the letter-promis ne that you will get it forwarded-'tis to my poor widow. Well, I've tempted this death often and escaped; and it is hard to be struck by a villian's hand. But God's will be done. I promised him that I would personally deliver the letter, for that I intended returning to New York from Curacoa.

"Thank you truly," said the dying man, "you will see my Helen and my child, and you can tall them that their unfortunate bushend and father died thinking of them. This ship and cargo are mine, and will belong to my family Stranger, I was not always what I now seem But I could not bear that the Yankee skipper should be known as he once-

A sudden flow of blood prevented his fin ishing the sentence. I tried to relieve him by a change of posture, but in vain; he muttered some incoherent sentences, by which his mind seemed to dwell on former scenes of battle for the republic; and of underserved treatment -He rallied for one instant, and with a blessing for his family and the name of Helen on his lips, he ceased to breathe.

The body of our unfortunate captain was the next day committed to the waves amid the tears of us all. Our voyage was prosecuted to the end without further interruption. did not forget the wishes of the dying man; how faithfully I fulfilled them, and how I have been rewarded or how satisfactory to me was the previous history of the poor captain need in Elm Cottage, Bloomingdale, and the happiest son-in-law, husband and father in United States .- Yankee Privateer.

ARTIFICIAL PRECIOUS STONES .- A very curior and interesting report was presented to the French Academy of Science, a short time since, by an in-genious mechanician, M. Gaudin, on the result of I had fancied that I heard a crash, followed by wild screams, immediately upon the discharge of the cannon, but the report had deafened me, and the smoke, which was driving the most practised eye. The imitation of the control of the cannon en back in my face, had so shrouded me that I could not see; the unearthly shout of the captain had also for the moment driven the idea from my mind, and I now grasped my gun to repel hoarders. But we have the state of recently discovered process to be said to recently discovered process. repel boarders. But my hearing had not de-ceived, for as the smoke was borne away to

NO. 11.

RIOT, VIOLENCE, BLOOD .- The daily papers have given accounts of the bloody doings of Saturday night, in the vicinity of Second street and Massachusetts avenue, which are not in many particulars, correct. No scene of violence and blood can occur in Washington the blame and disgrace of which is not immediately attached to members of the American party.— These prints appear to have a fervent delight in attributing to the "Know Nothings," as they are called, everything of a disgraceful or wicked nature that transpires among us. Ever since "Bloody Monday," not a misdeed, not even an ugly word, has been done or spoken. but the poor Know Nothings are to blame.—
There is policy in this, The bloody acts of "Bloody Monday," are to be justified in the eyes of the people abroad, and hence Washingon and Baltimore are held up to the world as inhabited by "Godless and Christless" Know Nothings, who revel in blood, and delight in acts of violence and in the performance of murderous deeds, the bare recital of which makes the heart turn pale.

Now, the fact is, the very reverse of this is the truth. Members of the American party in Washington-that, is, those who have the courage to avow their membership—are a per-secuted and oppressed set of men, and have been so fiercely set upon, and vindictively followed up, for the purpose of depriving them of the means of earning bread for their fami-lies, attacked and assailed by violence in the public streets and in private and public houses, that many of them have not thought it safe to venture out after night, unless armed to the teeth for resistance against the outlaws who lay in wait for them, for the purpose of taking

It is known to every citizen of Washington that our city has been for a long time, in possession of a band of armed ruffians, known as "Regulators," and that their declared business here was to regulate things in Washington. They attacked everything Americaneverything that bears the name American. om an engine house to a restaurant, where Americans were known to resort. Every citizen knows that it was and is dangerous to walk abroad after night. Robberies, murders, stabbings, assaults, insults offered to women, are of daily and nightly occurrence. And everybody knows, too, that this was and is a Democratic association, and many know and all believe, that it was brought here at the instigation of some of the heads of the municipal government, who put their hands in their poc-kets for their maintenance, and to prevent con-viction when, accidentally, arrested. These things are true, and cannot be gainsayed.

Let no one suppose that we are the advorates of wrong in any quarter. Not we. We are for order, quiet, peace, "good will" to men. But while we would not screen the perpetrator of wrong from punishment, be he who he may, we avow ourselves the advocate and defender of the oppressed, nor shall injustice be done to any member of the American party without due exposure, as far as in us lies. Of merited punishment we do not complain. If any memhave a fair trial, and if honestly convicted, let him suffer, say we. But the Democratic practice of hiring ruffians and rowdies to come to Washington and violate the peace and security of the city, murder Americans, insult females and rob and maim at will, and then charge the offence against "Americans," is not just the thing that we are prepared to submit to.

We are American, in every sense of the term. In our veins flows revolutionary blood. Our fathers fought and bled for freedom-our mothers labored and toiled while their hus bands and brothers fought, and when they could do nothing else, they prayed for the suclead of their noble chieftain, George Washington. We will not submit to wrong. We know our rights, and knowing, dare maintain them. Suffer, we may-but if we do suffer, it shall be in the cause of right. So go ahead, ye minions of an arbitrary dynasty, and do your worst -we despise and defy you.

In the days of our fathers, there were the who basely truckled to the power of the King. So, in these days, there are some who basely truckle to the power of an arbitrary President the President of a party, not the President of the people. They are more despicable, if possible, than the tyrants to whom they cringe. They are degenerate sons of noble sires, or worthy representatives of Tory ancestors. We lespise them.

The following, in relation to the riot on Saturday night, we have from the lips of one of the wounded upon that occasion:

"Hearing there was to be a raffle of a pig at the house of a man named Dasey, and not knowing exactly where the house was, he and some others walked down as far as Second street and Massachusetts avenue, and wher within about forty feet of the house, a crowd came out of the gate, and fired several shots, by which Rawlings was killed, and he and McF fresh wounded. Dasey's house was not attacked first. Now, the accounts published make it appear that the party in the house was attacked by those outside, which drew the fire of those within by which Rollins was killed and the others wounded. The articles alluded to are calculated, and, we believe, intended to produce the impression that the attack was made upon the house by the "bloody Know Nothings," in continuation of the plan put in operation on the 2d of June last, by which the country was flooded with falsehoods in relation to the events of that day. We wish to correct that impression abroad.

RUSHING IT .- One day, not quite three weeks ago, a lady in the vicinity of Johnstown, Pa., attended the funeral of her mother at 3 o'clock p. m., and was led to the altar a blushing bride (we presume she blushed-if she didn't she ought) at 6 o'clock, just three hours afterward. and is now making application for a divorce.